2020 Castro Valley Junior Math Tournament Algebra & Probability Solutions – 3rd-5th Grades

1. What number is 62 more than the product of 7 and 48?

 $7 \cdot 48 + 62 = 336 + 62 = 398$

2. What is the remainder when 31 is divided by 5?

 $31 = 5 \cdot 6 + 1$, for an answer of 1.

3. When the secret number is increased by 73 and this result is divided by 8, the final result is 53. What is the secret number?

The intermediate result must have been $8 \cdot 53 = 424$, so that the secret number must have been 424 - 73 = 351.

4. Evaluate: $\frac{6!}{4!}$

 $\frac{6!}{4!} = \frac{6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2}{4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2} = 6 \cdot 5 = 30$

5. **Evaluate:** $8 - 6 \div 2$

Order of operations (PEMDAS) says we need to divide before subtraction, so $8 - 6 \div 2 = 8 - 3 = 5$.

6. Mariana can ride her bike at a speed of 2 miles per hour. How many miles will she ride in 2 hours?

She goes 2 miles in each of the 2 hours, for an answer of $2 \cdot 2 = 4$.

7. A bag contains 7 purple marbles and 9 black marbles. When one marble is drawn at random, what is the probability that it is purple?

There are 7 + 9 = 16 total marbles, for a probability of $\frac{7}{16}$.

8. If x@y = 2x + 9y, evaluate 19@9.

 $19@9 = 2 \cdot 19 + 9 \cdot 9 = 38 + 81 = 119$

9. When one card is drawn from a standard 52-card deck, what is the probability that it ranks higher than a 9? Assume the Ace is the highest rank.

We want a 10, J, Q, K, or A, so there are five ranks in each of the four suits, for a total of 20 "good" cards out of 52, for a probility of $\frac{20}{52} = \frac{5}{13}$.

10. Evaluate: -4 - -5(-7 + -3)

-4 - -5(-7 + -3) = -4 + 5(-10) = -4 - 50 = -54

11. When the spinner to the right is spun, what is the probability that it lands on 2? Assume all of the sectors are the same shape.

There are six equivalent sectors, two of which are 2's, for a probability of $\frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$.



12. When a single fair coin is flipped twice, what is the probability that the second flip shows heads?

The first flip is irrelevant. The second flip has a $\frac{1}{2}$ probability of being heads no matter what the first flip did.

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13. How many days are in 2 non-leap years?

 $2 \cdot 365 = 730$

14. What value of b satisfies 5b - 96 = 14?

5b = 14 + 96 = 110, so $b = 110 \div 5 = 22$.

15. Express 0.05076 in scientific notation.

 $0.05076 = 5.076 \cdot .01 = 5.076 \cdot 10^{-2}$

16. If 4 Aardvarks are equivalent to 3 Basketballs, how many Aardvarks are equivalent to 72 Basketballs?

72 basketballs is $72 \div 3 = 24$ sets of 3, and is thus equivalent to $24 \cdot 4 = 96$ Aardvarks.

17. Arrange the letters below in order of descending value (e.g. BCDA): $A = \frac{2}{6}, B = 1.1, C = \frac{1}{8}, D = 0.75$

 $A = \frac{1}{3} \cong .333, B = 1.1, C = .125, \text{ and } D = .75, \text{ for an answer of BDAC.}$

18. A bag contains 6 yellow marbles and 4 green marbles. When two marbles are drawn, what is the probability that exactly 2 of them are green?

There are $10c2 = \frac{10!}{2! \cdot 8!} = \frac{10 \cdot 9}{2} = 5 \cdot 9 = 45$ ways to grab two of ten marbles, and there are $4c2 = \frac{4!}{2! \cdot 2!} = \frac{4 \cdot 3}{2} = 2 \cdot 3 = 6$ ways to pick two of six marbles, for a probability of $\frac{6}{45} = \frac{2}{15}$.

19. What is the median of the data set {4, 0, 9, 3, 8}?

In order, the elements are 0, 3, 4, 8, 9, so the median (middle) is 4.

20. Evaluate as a mixed number: $2\frac{1}{6} \div 1\frac{1}{3}$ $2\frac{1}{6} \div 1\frac{1}{3} = \frac{13}{6} \div \frac{4}{3} = \frac{13}{6} \cdot \frac{3}{4} = \frac{13}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{13}{8} = 1\frac{5}{8}$